



**University of
Zurich**^{UZH}

**Zurich Open Repository and
Archive**

University of Zurich
University Library
Strickhofstrasse 39
CH-8057 Zurich
www.zora.uzh.ch

Year: 2012

Search for quark compositeness in dijet angular distributions from pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7\text{TeV}$

CMS Collaboration ; Amsler, C ; Chiochia, V ; Chatrchyan, S ; Khachatryan, V ; Aguiló, E ; Amsler, C ; Chiochia, V ; De Visscher, S ; Favaro, C ; Iova Rikova, M ; Millan Mejias, B ; Otiougova, P ; Robmann, P ; Snoek, H ; Verzetti, M ; et al

Abstract: A search for quark compositeness using dijet angular distributions from pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV is presented. The search has been carried out using a data sample corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 2.2 fb^{-1} , recorded by the CMS experiment at the LHC. Normalized dijet angular distributions have been measured for dijet invariant masses from 0.4 TeV to above 3 TeV and compared with a variety of contact interaction models, including those which take into account the effects of next-to-leading-order QCD corrections. The data are found to be in agreement with the predictions of perturbative QCD, and lower limits are obtained on the contact interaction scale, ranging from 7.5 up to 14.5 TeV at 95 % confidence level.

DOI: [https://doi.org/10.1007/JHEP05\(2012\)055](https://doi.org/10.1007/JHEP05(2012)055)

Posted at the Zurich Open Repository and Archive, University of Zurich

ZORA URL: <https://doi.org/10.5167/uzh-75984>

Journal Article

Originally published at:

CMS Collaboration; Amsler, C; Chiochia, V; Chatrchyan, S; Khachatryan, V; Aguiló, E; Amsler, C; Chiochia, V; De Visscher, S; Favaro, C; Iova Rikova, M; Millan Mejias, B; Otiougova, P; Robmann, P; Snoek, H; Verzetti, M; et al (2012). Search for quark compositeness in dijet angular distributions from pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7\text{TeV}$. *Journal of High Energy Physics*, 2012(5) : 055.

DOI: [https://doi.org/10.1007/JHEP05\(2012\)055](https://doi.org/10.1007/JHEP05(2012)055)

CERN-PH-EP/2012-044
2012/02/27

CMS-EXO-11-017

Search for quark compositeness in dijet angular distributions from pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV

The CMS Collaboration*

Abstract

A search for quark compositeness using dijet angular distributions from pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV is presented. The search has been carried out using a data sample corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 2.2 fb^{-1} , recorded by the CMS experiment at the LHC. Normalized dijet angular distributions have been measured for dijet invariant masses from 0.4 TeV to above 3 TeV and compared with a variety of contact interaction models, including those which take into account the effects of next-to-leading-order QCD corrections. The data are found to be in agreement with the predictions of perturbative QCD, and lower limits are obtained on the contact interaction scale, ranging from 7.5 up to 14.5 TeV at 95% confidence level.

Submitted to the Journal of High Energy Physics

*See Appendix A for the list of collaboration members

In theories of physics beyond the standard model, it has been proposed that quarks are composite particles and are bound states of more fundamental entities [1, 2]. Models of quark compositeness may explain the number of quark generations, quark charges, and quark masses, which are not predicted in the standard model. A common signature of quark compositeness models is the appearance of new interactions between quark constituents at a characteristic scale Λ that is much larger than the quark masses. At energies well below Λ , these interactions can be approximated by a contact interaction (CI) characterized by a four-fermion coupling. In this Letter, flavor-diagonal color-singlet couplings between quarks are studied. These can be described by the effective Lagrangian [1, 3]

$$L_{qq} = \frac{2\pi}{\Lambda^2} [\eta_{LL}(\bar{q}_L \gamma^\mu q_L)(\bar{q}_L \gamma_\mu q_L) + \eta_{RR}(\bar{q}_R \gamma^\mu q_R)(\bar{q}_R \gamma_\mu q_R) + 2\eta_{RL}(\bar{q}_R \gamma^\mu q_R)(\bar{q}_L \gamma_\mu q_L)],$$

where the subscripts L and R refer to the chiral projections of the quark fields and η_{LL} , η_{RR} , and η_{RL} can be 0, +1, or -1. The various combinations of η_{LL} , η_{RR} , and η_{RL} correspond to different CI models. The following CI scenarios are investigated:

$$\begin{aligned} \Lambda &= \Lambda_{LL}^\pm \text{ for } (\eta_{LL}, \eta_{RR}, \eta_{RL}) = (\pm 1, 0, 0), \\ \Lambda &= \Lambda_{RR}^\pm \text{ for } (\eta_{LL}, \eta_{RR}, \eta_{RL}) = (0, \pm 1, 0), \\ \Lambda &= \Lambda_{VV}^\pm \text{ for } (\eta_{LL}, \eta_{RR}, \eta_{RL}) = (\pm 1, \pm 1, \pm 1), \\ \Lambda &= \Lambda_{AA}^\pm \text{ for } (\eta_{LL}, \eta_{RR}, \eta_{RL}) = (\pm 1, \pm 1, \mp 1), \\ \Lambda &= \Lambda_{(V-A)}^\pm \text{ for } (\eta_{LL}, \eta_{RR}, \eta_{RL}) = (0, 0, \pm 1). \end{aligned}$$

In pp collisions these models result in the same limits for Λ_{LL}^\pm and Λ_{RR}^\pm , and at tree level for Λ_{VV}^\pm and Λ_{AA}^\pm as well as for $\Lambda_{(V-A)}^+$ and $\Lambda_{(V-A)}^-$.

High energy proton-proton collisions with large momentum transfers predominantly produce events containing two jets with high transverse momenta (dijets). Such events probe the scattering partons at the shortest distance scales and provide a fundamental test of quantum chromodynamics (QCD). The angular distribution of these two jets with respect to the beam direction is directly sensitive to the underlying dynamics of the parton-parton scattering and does not strongly depend on the parton distribution functions (PDFs). Distributions of the polar scattering angle θ^* in the parton-parton center-of-mass frame from QCD processes are peaked in the forward and backward directions, whereas contact interactions give rise to more isotropic distributions in θ^* .

Previous searches for quark compositeness at hadron colliders have been reported at the Sp \bar{p} S by the UA1 [4] collaboration, at the Tevatron by the D0 [5, 6] and CDF [7] collaborations, and at the Large Hadron Collider (LHC) by the ATLAS [8, 9] and CMS [10, 11] collaborations. The limits on quark compositeness at the LHC [8–11] have been reported only for a color- and isospin-singlet CI model, $\Lambda_{LL/RR}^\pm$, where $\Lambda_{LL/RR}^+$ ($\Lambda_{LL/RR}^-$) corresponds to destructive (constructive) interference between the CI and QCD terms. In this Letter, our previous searches are extended to higher CI scales using a data sample corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 2.2 fb^{-1} at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$, exploring for the first time at the LHC a wide range of CI models. Also, this is the first use of a recent CI prediction that includes next-to-leading-order (NLO) QCD corrections [12].

In this analysis, the normalized dijet angular distributions, defined as $(1/\sigma_{\text{dijet}})(d\sigma_{\text{dijet}}/d\chi_{\text{dijet}})$ where $\chi_{\text{dijet}} = e^{|y_1 - y_2|}$, are studied for several ranges of the dijet invariant mass M_{jj} . Here, y_1 and y_2 are the rapidities of the two highest transverse momentum (p_T) jets, and they are related to the jet energy E and the projection of the jet momentum on the beam axis, p_z , by $y = \frac{1}{2} \ln[(E + p_z)/(E - p_z)]$. In the limit of massless scattering partons, χ_{dijet} is related to θ^* by $\chi_{\text{dijet}} = (1 + |\cos \theta^*|)/(1 - |\cos \theta^*|)$. The use of the variable χ_{dijet} is motivated by the fact that $d\sigma_{\text{dijet}}/d\chi_{\text{dijet}}$ is approximately uniform for QCD dijet processes, while CI models predict angular distributions that are strongly peaked at low values of χ_{dijet} .

The data for this analysis are collected with the Compact Muon Solenoid (CMS) detector at the LHC. The central feature of the CMS detector is a superconducting solenoid, 12.5 m long and with an internal diameter of 6 m, providing an axial field of 3.8 T. The field volume of the solenoid is instrumented with various particle detection systems. Charged particle trajectories are measured by a silicon pixel and strip tracker, covering $0 < \varphi < 2\pi$ in azimuth and $|\eta| < 2.5$, where pseudorapidity $\eta = -\ln[\tan(\theta/2)]$ and θ is the polar angle relative to the counterclockwise proton beam direction with respect to the center of the detector. A lead-tungstate crystal electromagnetic calorimeter and a brass/scintillator hadronic calorimeter surround the tracking volume. A preshower detector made of silicon sensor planes and lead absorbers is installed in front of the electromagnetic calorimeter at $1.653 < |\eta| < 2.6$. Outside the solenoid, muons are measured in gas-ionization detectors embedded in the steel return yoke. A more detailed description of the CMS detector can be found elsewhere [13].

The CMS detector records events with a two-tiered trigger system consisting of a hardware-based Level-1 (L1) and a software-based High Level Trigger (HLT). In this study, single-jet triggers that reconstruct jets from calorimeter energy deposits at L1 and HLT are used to select events based on different jet- p_T thresholds. Seven combinations of (L1, HLT) p_T thresholds (in GeV) are used to select events: (36, 60), (68, 80), (92, 110), (92, 150), (92, 190), (92, 240), and (92, 300). All except the highest-threshold jet trigger were prescaled during the 2011 run. The efficiency of each single-jet trigger is measured as a function of M_{jj} using events selected by a lower-threshold trigger.

Jets are reconstructed offline using the anti- k_T clustering algorithm with a distance parameter $R = 0.5$ [14]. The four-vectors of particles reconstructed by the CMS particle-flow algorithm are used as input to the jet-clustering algorithm. The particle-flow algorithm [15, 16] combines information from all CMS subdetectors to provide a complete list of long-lived particles in the event. Reconstructed and identified particles include muons, electrons (with associated bremsstrahlung photons), photons (including conversions in the tracker volume), and charged and neutral hadrons. The jet energy scale is calibrated using measurements of energy balance in dijet and photon+jet events [17]. Extra energy clustered into jets from additional proton-proton interactions within the same bunch crossing (pileup) is taken into account on an event-by-event basis by a correction to the jet four-vectors. The average number of pileup interactions for the data sample used in this analysis has been estimated to be 5.

Events with at least two reconstructed jets are selected, and the two highest- p_T jets are used to measure the dijet angular distributions for different ranges in M_{jj} . Events with spurious jets from noise and non-collision backgrounds are rejected by applying loose quality criteria to the jet properties [18] and requiring a reconstructed primary vertex within ± 24 cm of the detector center along the beam line and within 2 cm of the detector center in the plane transverse to the beam [19]. The rapidities $|y_1|$ and $|y_2|$ of the two highest- p_T jets are restricted to be less than 2.5 by selecting only events with $\chi_{\text{dijet}} < 16$ and $|y_{\text{boost}}| < 1.11$, where $y_{\text{boost}} = \frac{1}{2}(y_1 + y_2)$. The lower limits of the M_{jj} ranges for the dijet angular distributions were chosen such that

the trigger efficiencies exceed 99%, and are given by the values 0.4, 0.6, 0.8, 1.0, 1.2, 1.5, 1.9, 2.4, and 3.0 TeV. The data for the first five M_{jj} ranges are recorded using prescaled triggers and correspond to integrated luminosities of 0.77, 5.9, 32, 108, and 371 pb^{-1} , while the data for the mass ranges with $M_{jj} > 1.5$ TeV correspond to the full integrated luminosity of 2.2 fb^{-1} . The uncertainty on the integrated luminosities has been estimated to be 4.5% [20, 21]. The highest value of M_{jj} observed in this data sample is 3.9 TeV.

The dijet angular distributions are corrected for migration effects due to the finite jet energy and position resolutions. The four-momenta, rapidities, and azimuthal angles of generated jets from Monte Carlo (MC) event simulations are varied within their measured resolutions [17], and correction factors for each M_{jj} region are obtained from the ratio of the generated to the smeared χ_{dijet} distributions. Unfolding correction factors are evaluated from two independent MC samples, PYTHIA 6.422 [22] with tune D6T [23] and HERWIG++ 2.4.2 [24] with tune 2.3, and the average of these corrections is applied to the data. The size of the correction factors varies from less than 1.3% in the lowest M_{jj} range to less than 10% in the highest M_{jj} range. The associated systematic uncertainties are taken as the maximum differences between the unfolding corrections obtained from four independent MC samples, HERWIG++ tune 2.3, PYTHIA6 tunes D6T and Z2 (the Z2 tune is identical to the Z1 tune [23] except that Z2 uses the CTEQ6L PDF [25]), and PYTHIA8 [26] tune 4C [27], and the nominal correction factors. These uncertainties range from less than 0.2% at low M_{jj} to less than 4.9% at high M_{jj} . A systematic uncertainty from using a parameterized model to simulate the finite jet p_T and position resolutions to determine the unfolding correction factors is estimated by comparing the smeared χ_{dijet} distributions to the ones from a detailed simulation of the CMS detector using GEANT4 [28]. This uncertainty is found to be less than 1.3% (2.0%) in the lowest (highest) M_{jj} range and is added in quadrature to the unfolding uncertainties.

The dijet angular distributions are normalized to the integrated dijet cross sections in each M_{jj} range and are relatively insensitive to many systematic effects. For example, they show little dependence on the overall jet-energy scale and are independent of the luminosity uncertainty. However, they are sensitive to the rapidity dependence of the jet energy calibration and to the jet p_T resolution. For the phase space in p_T and η of the jets in this analysis, the jet energy scale uncertainties vary between 2% and 3% and have a dependence on pseudorapidity of less than 1% per unit of η [17]. The uncertainty on the jet p_T resolution is less than 10% [17]. The resulting uncertainty on the χ_{dijet} distributions due to the jet energy calibration uncertainties is found to be less than 1.0% at low M_{jj} and less than 0.3% at high M_{jj} over all χ_{dijet} bins, while the maximum uncertainty due to the jet p_T resolution uncertainty varies from 0.2% at low M_{jj} to 0.6% at high M_{jj} . In addition, uncertainties on the tails of the jet p_T resolutions [17] result in systematic uncertainties on the χ_{dijet} distributions ranging from less than 0.5% at low M_{jj} to less than 4.6% at high M_{jj} . The effect of pileup was investigated by dividing the data into low and high pileup samples based upon the vertex multiplicity, and comparing the χ_{dijet} distributions from each sample. No significant effect was observed. The total systematic uncertainty on the χ_{dijet} distributions, calculated as the quadratic sum of the contributions due to the uncertainties in the jet energy calibration, the jet p_T resolution, and the unfolding correction, is less than 1.7% for the lowest M_{jj} range and less than 7% for the highest M_{jj} range. A summary of the leading systematic uncertainties is provided in Table 1.

Predictions at NLO in perturbative QCD are made for the dijet angular distributions with NLO-JET++ 2.0.1 [29] in the FASTNLO framework version 1.4 [30]. The factorization (μ_f) and renormalization (μ_r) scales are set to $\langle p_T \rangle$, the mean p_T of the two jets, and the PDFs are taken from the CTEQ6.6 set [31]. Correction factors are applied to the predictions to account for non-perturbative effects due to hadronization and multiple parton interactions. These correction

Table 1: Summary of the leading experimental and theoretical uncertainties on the χ_{dijet} distributions. The maximum uncertainties over all χ_{dijet} bins for the lowest and highest M_{jj} ranges are given. The dominant experimental contribution is the statistical uncertainty while the dominant contribution to the NLO perturbative QCD uncertainty is the factorization and renormalization scale uncertainty.

Source of Uncertainty	$0.4 < M_{jj} < 0.6 \text{ TeV}$ (%)	$M_{jj} > 3 \text{ TeV}$ (%)
Jet energy scale	1.0	0.3
Jet energy resolution	0.2	0.6
Jet energy resolution tails	0.5	4.6
Unfolding, MC modeling	0.2	4.9
Unfolding, detector simulation	1.3	2.0
Total experimental systematic uncertainty	1.7	7.0
Statistical uncertainty	2.5	31.6
μ_r and μ_f scales	5.6	14.9
PDF (CTEQ6.6)	0.5	0.7
Non-perturbative corrections	1.7	1.1
Total theoretical systematic uncertainty	5.9	15.0

factors are used to correct the parton QCD calculations to the particle level, and they are determined by the average of the corrections estimated using PYTHIA6 tune D6T and HERWIG++ tune 2.3. This uncertainty is found to encompass alternative choices of MC tunes, PYTHIA6 tune Z2 or PYTHIA8 tune 4C, and is estimated to be less than 1.7% (1.1%) at low (high) M_{jj} .

The dominant source of uncertainty on the QCD predictions is due to the choices of the μ_f and μ_r scales. The uncertainty is evaluated following the proposal in Ref. [32] by varying the default choice of scales in the following 6 combinations: $(\mu_f/\langle p_T \rangle, \mu_r/\langle p_T \rangle) = (1/2, 1/2), (1/2, 1), (1, 1/2), (2, 2), (2, 1)$ and $(1, 2)$. These scale variations modify the predictions of the normalized χ_{dijet} distributions by less than 5.6% (15%) at low (high) M_{jj} . The uncertainty due to the choice of PDFs is determined from the 22 uncertainty eigenvectors of CTEQ6.6 using the procedure described in Ref. [31], and is found to be less than 0.5% at low M_{jj} and less than 0.7% at high M_{jj} . The leading systematic uncertainties on the theoretical predictions are listed in Table 1.

The measured differential dijet angular distributions, corrected for instrumental effects and normalized to their respective integrals, are compared to QCD predictions in Fig. 1 for different M_{jj} ranges. Overall the theoretical predictions provide a good description of the data for all M_{jj} ranges.

The measured dijet angular distributions are used to set limits on a variety of CI models. Only color-singlet models, which predict the largest deviations of the dijet angular distributions from the standard model, are considered. In fact, for the general case of a CI model containing both color-singlet and color-octet contributions, there are certain regions in the theory parameter space where the CI predictions for the dijet angular distributions become indistinguishable from the QCD predictions, because of interference between these contributions [12].

In this analysis we present limits for a CI model that includes the exact NLO QCD corrections to dijet production induced by contact interactions [12], as well as limits extracted from various CI models implemented in PYTHIA8 [26]. In the latter case, the contributions of CI and QCD are calculated to leading order (LO). To take into account the NLO QCD corrections which

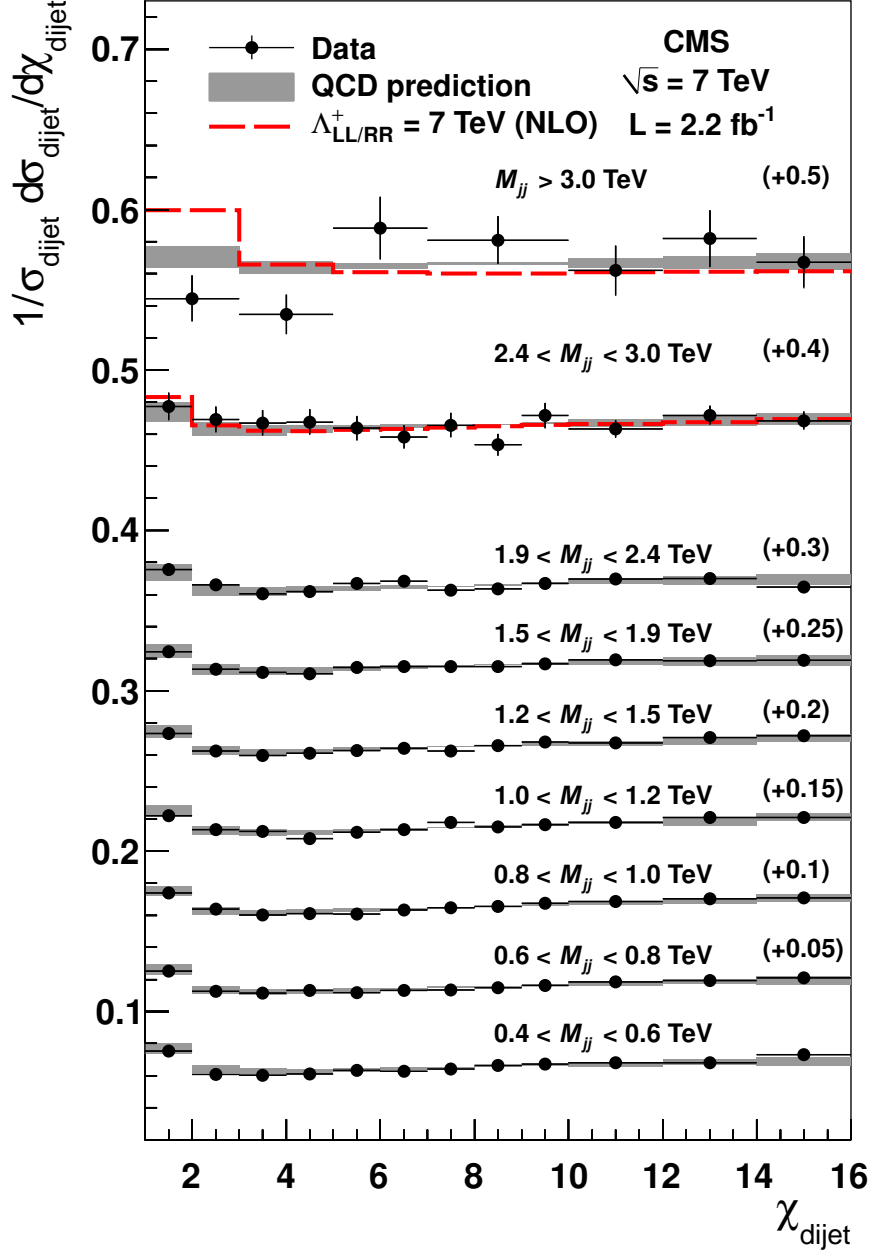


Figure 1: Normalized dijet angular distributions for $|y_{\text{boost}}| < 1.11$ in several M_{jj} ranges. For clarity, the distributions are shifted vertically by the additive amounts shown in parentheses in the figure. The vertical error bars represent the statistical and systematic uncertainties added in quadrature. The horizontal bars correspond to the χ_{dijet} bin width. The results are compared with the predictions of NLO QCD with CTEQ6.6 PDF (shaded band) and with predictions for QCD+CI from [12] at the CI scale $\Lambda_{LL/RR}^+ = 7 \text{ TeV}$ (dashed histogram). Non-perturbative corrections due to hadronization and multiple parton interactions are applied to the predictions. The shaded band indicates the total uncertainty on the NLO QCD predictions due to μ_r and μ_f scale variations, PDFs, as well as the uncertainties from the non-perturbative corrections, which have all been added in quadrature.

are missing in the PYTHIA8 model, the cross-section difference $\sigma_{\text{NLO}}^{\text{QCD}} - \sigma_{\text{LO}}^{\text{QCD}}$ is added to the LO QCD+CI prediction in each M_{jj} and χ_{dijet} bin. With this procedure, we obtain a QCD+CI prediction where the QCD terms are corrected to NLO while the CI terms are calculated at LO. Non-perturbative corrections due to hadronization and multiple parton interactions are applied to the predictions. In Fig. 1, the predictions are shown for QCD+CI from Ref. [12] at the CI scale $\Lambda_{LL/RR}^+ = 7 \text{ TeV}$ for the two highest M_{jj} ranges. The highest M_{jj} range is the most sensitive to the CI signal, though omitting the second-highest M_{jj} range would decrease the expected limit on the CI scale by about 1% for $\Lambda_{LL/RR}^+$ and 13% for $\Lambda_{LL/RR}^-$. Varying the boundary between the two highest M_{jj} ranges by $\pm 0.2 \text{ TeV}$ changes the expected limit by less than 0.5%. The predictions for the various QCD+CI models at the scale of $\Lambda = 7 \text{ TeV}$ are shown in Fig. 2 for the highest M_{jj} range. At low χ_{dijet} , the CI predictions with exact NLO QCD corrections show smaller enhancement relative to QCD than the corresponding LO CI predictions, as described in detail in Ref. [12].

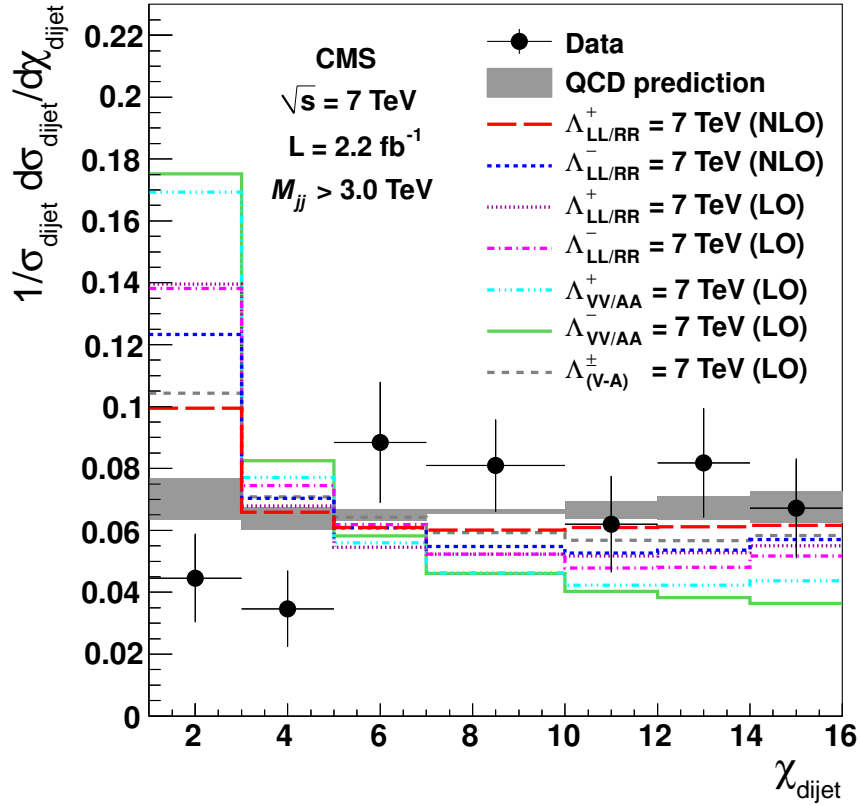


Figure 2: The normalized dijet angular distribution in the highest dijet mass range $M_{jj} > 3 \text{ TeV}$ compared to various contact interaction models (dashed and dotted histograms). Non-perturbative corrections due to hadronization and multiple parton interactions are applied to the predictions. The vertical error bars represent the statistical and systematic uncertainties added in quadrature. The horizontal bars correspond to the χ_{dijet} bin width. The shaded band represents the NLO QCD prediction and includes the systematic uncertainties due to μ_r and μ_f scale variations and PDF uncertainties, as well as the uncertainties from the non-perturbative corrections added in quadrature.

The statistical method used to set limits on Λ follows a modified frequentist approach [3, 33–35]. The log-likelihood-ratio $q = -2 \ln(\frac{L_{\text{QCD+CI}}}{L_{\text{QCD}}})$ is used to discriminate between the QCD-only hypothesis and the QCD+CI hypothesis. The $L_{\text{QCD+CI}}$ and L_{QCD} are written as a product of

Poissonian likelihood functions for each bin in χ_{dijet} and for the two highest ranges of M_{jj} , where the predictions for each M_{jj} range are normalized to the number of observed events in that range. The p-values, $P_{\text{QCD+CI}}(q \geq q_{\text{obs}})$ and $P_{\text{QCD}}(q \leq q_{\text{obs}})$, are obtained from ensembles of pseudo-experiments for the two hypotheses. Systematic uncertainties are represented by nuisance parameters which affect the χ_{dijet} distribution. The nuisance parameters are varied within their Gaussian uncertainties when generating the distributions of q . The QCD+CI model is considered to be excluded at the 95% confidence level (C.L.) based on the quantity $\text{CL}_s = P_{\text{QCD+CI}}(q \geq q_{\text{obs}})/(1 - P_{\text{QCD}}(q \leq q_{\text{obs}})) < 0.05$. The observed and expected limits at 95% C.L. for the CI models considered are listed in Table 2 and displayed in Fig. 3. All the observed limits agree within uncertainties with the expected limits, which are evaluated at the median of the test statistics distribution of the QCD-only model. The observed limits are slightly higher than the expected limits because, for the range $M_{jj} > 3.0$ TeV, the measured dijet angular distribution at low χ_{dijet} is lower than, although statistically compatible with, the QCD prediction. The limits for the CI scale $\Lambda_{LL/RR}^+$ are also extracted using an alternative procedure in which the data are not corrected for detector effects and instead the MC predictions are convoluted with the detector resolutions. The limits obtained are found to agree with the quoted ones within 1.5%.

Table 2: Observed and expected lower limits at 95% confidence level for the contact interaction scale Λ for several quark CI models.

CI model	Observed limit (TeV)	Expected limit (TeV)
NLO $\Lambda_{LL/RR}^+$	7.5	$7.0^{+0.4}_{-0.6}$
NLO $\Lambda_{LL/RR}^-$	10.5	$9.7^{+1.0}_{-1.7}$
LO $\Lambda_{LL/RR}^+$	8.4	$7.9^{+0.5}_{-0.7}$
LO $\Lambda_{LL/RR}^-$	11.7	$10.9^{+1.7}_{-2.4}$
LO $\Lambda_{VV/AA}^+$	10.4	$9.5^{+0.5}_{-1.0}$
LO $\Lambda_{VV/AA}^-$	14.5	$13.7^{+2.9}_{-2.6}$
LO $\Lambda_{(V-A)}^\pm$	8.0	$7.8^{+1.0}_{-1.1}$

In summary, normalized dijet angular distributions have been measured with the CMS detector over a wide range of dijet invariant masses. The distributions are found to be in agreement with predictions of QCD and are used to set lower limits on the contact interaction scale for a variety of quark compositeness models, including models with NLO QCD corrections. The 95% confidence level lower limits for the contact interaction scale Λ are in the range 7.5 – 14.5 TeV. These results represent the most comprehensive set of limits on the contact interaction scale to date.

We would like to thank J. Gao, C.-S. Li, J. Wang, C.-P. Yuan, and H.-X. Zhu for useful discussions and for providing the program to calculate the contact interaction predictions with NLO QCD corrections. We congratulate our colleagues in the CERN accelerator departments for the excellent performance of the LHC machine. We thank the technical and administrative staff at CERN and other CMS institutes, and acknowledge support from: FMSR (Austria); FNRS and FWO (Belgium); CNPq, CAPES, FAPERJ, and FAPESP (Brazil); MES (Bulgaria); CERN; CAS, MoST, and NSFC (China); COLCIENCIAS (Colombia); MSES (Croatia); RPF (Cyprus); MoER, SF0690030s09 and ERDF (Estonia); Academy of Finland, MEC, and HIP (Finland); CEA and CNRS/IN2P3 (France); BMBF, DFG, and HGF (Germany); GSRT (Greece); OTKA and NKTH (Hungary); DAE and DST (India); IPM (Iran); SFI (Ireland); INFN (Italy); NRF and WCU (Ko-

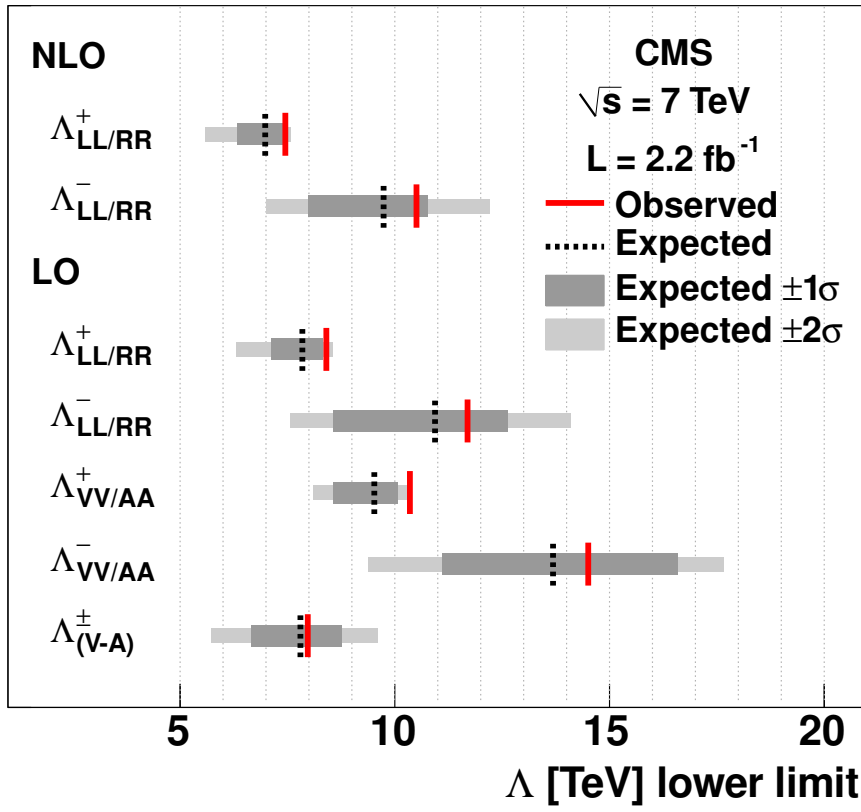


Figure 3: Observed (solid lines) and expected (dashed lines) 95% C.L. limits for the contact interaction scale Λ for the different CI models. The dark (light) gray bands indicate the $\pm 1\sigma$ ($\pm 2\sigma$) uncertainties on the expected limits.

rea); LAS (Lithuania); CINVESTAV, CONACYT, SEP, and UASLP-FAI (Mexico); MSI (New Zealand); PAEC (Pakistan); MSHE and NSC (Poland); FCT (Portugal); JINR (Armenia, Belarus, Georgia, Ukraine, Uzbekistan); MON, RosAtom, RAS and RFBR (Russia); MSTD (Serbia); MICINN and CPAN (Spain); Swiss Funding Agencies (Switzerland); NSC (Taipei); TUBITAK and TAEK (Turkey); STFC (United Kingdom); DOE and NSF (USA).

References

- [1] E. Eichten, K. Lane, and M. Peskin, “New Tests for Quark and Lepton Substructure”, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **50** (1983) 811. doi:10.1103/PhysRevLett.50.811.
- [2] E. Eichten, I. Hinchliffe, K. Lane et al., “Supercollider physics”, *Rev. Mod. Phys.* **56** (1984) 579. doi:10.1103/RevModPhys.56.579.
- [3] Particle Data Group Collaboration, “Review of Particle Physics”, *J. Phys. G* **37** (2010) 075021. doi:10.1088/0954-3899/37/7A/075021.
- [4] UA1 Collaboration, “Angular distributions for high mass jet pairs and a limit on the energy scale of compositeness for quarks from the CERN $p\bar{p}$ collider”, *Phys. Lett. B* **B177** (1986) 244. doi:10.1016/0370-2693(86)91065-8.
- [5] D0 Collaboration, “Measurement of Dijet Angular Distributions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV and Searches for Quark Compositeness and Extra Spatial Dimensions”, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **103** (2009) 191803. doi:10.1103/PhysRevLett.103.191803.
- [6] D0 Collaboration, “High- p_T jets in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 630$ and 1800 GeV”, *Phys. Rev. D* **64** (2001) 032003. doi:10.1103/PhysRevD.64.032003.
- [7] CDF Collaboration, “Measurement of Dijet Angular Distributions by the Collider Detector at Fermilab”, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **77** (1996) 5336. [Erratum-ibid. **78**, 4307 (1997)]. doi:10.1103/PhysRevLett.77.5336.
- [8] ATLAS Collaboration, “A search for new physics in dijet mass and angular distributions in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV measured with the ATLAS detector”, *New J. Phys.* **13** (2011) 053044. doi:10.1088/1367-2630/13/5/053044.
- [9] ATLAS Collaboration, “Search for quark contact interactions in dijet angular distributions in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV measured with the ATLAS detector”, *Phys. Lett. B* **694** (2010) 327. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2010.10.021.
- [10] CMS Collaboration, “Measurement of Dijet Angular Distributions and Search for Quark Compositeness in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV”, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **106** (2011) 201804. doi:10.1103/PhysRevLett.106.201804.
- [11] CMS Collaboration, “Search for Quark Compositeness with the Dijet Centrality Ratio in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV”, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **105** (2010) 262001. doi:10.1103/PhysRevLett.105.262001.
- [12] J. Gao et al., “Next-to-Leading QCD Effect on the Quark Compositeness Search at the LHC”, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **106** (2011) 142001. doi:10.1103/PhysRevLett.106.142001.
- [13] CMS Collaboration, “The CMS experiment at the CERN LHC”, *JINST* **3** (2008) S08004. doi:10.1088/1748-0221/3/08/S08004.

-
- [14] M. Cacciari, G. P. Salam, and G. Soyez, “The anti-kt jet clustering algorithm”, *JHEP* **04** (2008) 63. doi:10.1088/1126-6708/2008/04/063.
- [15] CMS Collaboration, “Particle-Flow Event Reconstruction in CMS and Performance for Jets, Taus, and E_T^{miss} ”, CMS Physics Analysis Summary CMS-PAS-PFT-09-001, (2009).
- [16] CMS Collaboration, “Commissioning of the Particle-flow Event Reconstruction with the first LHC collisions recorded in the CMS detector”, CMS Physics Analysis Summary CMS-PAS-PFT-10-001, (2010).
- [17] CMS Collaboration, “Determination of jet energy scale and transverse momentum resolution in CMS”, *JINST* **6** (2011) 11002. doi:10.1088/1748-0221/6/11/P11002.
- [18] CMS Collaboration, “Jets in 0.9 and 2.36 TeV pp Collisions”, CMS Physics Analysis Summary CMS-PAS-JME-10-001, (2010).
- [19] CMS Collaboration, “Tracking and Primary Vertex Results in First 7 TeV Collisions”, CMS Physics Analysis Summary CMS-PAS-TRK-10-005, (2010).
- [20] CMS Collaboration, “Absolute Calibration of the CMS Luminosity Measurement: Summer 2011 Update”, CMS Physics Analysis Summary CMS-PAS-EWK-11-001, (2011).
- [21] CMS Collaboration, “Measurement of CMS Luminosity”, CMS Physics Analysis Summary CMS-PAS-EWK-10-004, (2010).
- [22] T. Sjöstrand, S. Mrenna, and P. Skands, “PYTHIA 6.4 physics and manual”, *JHEP* **05** (2006) 026. doi:10.1088/1126-6708/2006/05/026.
- [23] R. Field, “Early LHC Underlying Event Data – Findings and Surprises”, in *Proceedings of the Hadron Collider Physics Symposium 2010*. 2010. arXiv:1010.3558.
- [24] M. Bahr et al., “Herwig++ physics and manual”, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **58** (2008) 639. doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-008-0798-9.
- [25] J. Pumplin et al., “New generation of parton distributions with uncertainties from global QCD analysis”, *JHEP* **07** (2002) 012. doi:10.1088/1126-6708/2002/07/012.
- [26] T. Sjöstrand, S. Mrenna, and P. Skands, “A brief introduction to PYTHIA8.1”, *Comput. Phys. Comm.* **178** (2008) 852. doi:10.1016/j.cpc.2008.01.036.
- [27] R. Corke and T. Sjöstrand, “Interleaved parton showers and tuning prospects”, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **3** (2011) 32. doi:10.1007/JHEP03(2011)032.
- [28] GEANT4 Collaboration, “Geant 4—a simulation toolkit”, *Nucl. Instrum. and Methods A* **506** (2003) 250. doi:10.1016/S0168-9002(03)01368-8.
- [29] Z. Nagy, “Three-Jet Cross Sections in Hadron-Hadron Collisions at Next-To-Leading Order”, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **88** (2002) 122003. doi:10.1103/PhysRevLett.88.122003.
- [30] T. Kluge, K. Rabbertz, and M. Wobisch, “fastNLO: Fast pQCD Calculations for PDF Fits”, (2006). arXiv:hep-ph/0609285.
- [31] P. M. Nadolsky et al., “Implications of CTEQ global analysis for collider observables”, *Phys. Rev. D* **78** (2008) 013004. doi:10.1103/PhysRevD.78.013004.

-
- [32] A. Banfi, G. P. Salam, and G. Zanderighi, “Phenomenology of event shapes at hadron colliders”, *JHEP* **06** (2010) 038. doi:10.1007/JHEP06(2010)038.
 - [33] T. Junk, “Confidence level computation for combining searches with small statistics”, *Nucl. Instrum. Meth. A* **434** (1999) 435. doi:10.1016/S0168-9002(99)00498-2.
 - [34] A. L. Read, “Modified frequentist analysis of search results (the CL_s method)”, CERN Report CERN-OPEN-2000-005, (2000).
 - [35] A. L. Read, “Presentation of search results: the CL_s technique”, *J. Phys. G* **28** (2002) 2693. doi:10.1088/0954-3899/28/10/313.

A The CMS Collaboration

Yerevan Physics Institute, Yerevan, Armenia

S. Chatrchyan, V. Khachatryan, A.M. Sirunyan, A. Tumasyan

Institut für Hochenergiephysik der OeAW, Wien, Austria

W. Adam, T. Bergauer, M. Dragicevic, J. Erö, C. Fabjan, M. Friedl, R. Frühwirth, V.M. Ghete, J. Hammer¹, M. Hoch, N. Hörmann, J. Hrubec, M. Jeitler, W. Kiesenhofer, M. Krammer, D. Liko, I. Mikulec, M. Pernicka[†], B. Rahbaran, C. Rohringer, H. Rohringer, R. Schöffbeck, J. Strauss, A. Taurok, F. Teischinger, P. Wagner, W. Waltenberger, G. Walzel, E. Widl, C.-E. Wulz

National Centre for Particle and High Energy Physics, Minsk, Belarus

V. Mossolov, N. Shumeiko, J. Suarez Gonzalez

Universiteit Antwerpen, Antwerpen, Belgium

S. Bansal, L. Benucci, T. Cornelis, E.A. De Wolf, X. Janssen, S. Luyckx, T. Maes, L. Mucibello, S. Ochesanu, B. Roland, R. Rougny, M. Selvaggi, H. Van Haevermaet, P. Van Mechelen, N. Van Remortel, A. Van Spilbeeck

Vrije Universiteit Brussel, Brussel, Belgium

F. Blekman, S. Blyweert, J. D'Hondt, R. Gonzalez Suarez, A. Kalogeropoulos, M. Maes, A. Olbrechts, W. Van Doninck, P. Van Mulders, G.P. Van Onsem, I. Villella

Université Libre de Bruxelles, Bruxelles, Belgium

O. Charaf, B. Clerbaux, G. De Lentdecker, V. Dero, A.P.R. Gay, G.H. Hammad, T. Hreus, A. Léonard, P.E. Marage, L. Thomas, C. Vander Velde, P. Vanlaer, J. Wickens

Ghent University, Ghent, Belgium

V. Adler, K. Beernaert, A. Cimmino, S. Costantini, G. Garcia, M. Grunewald, B. Klein, J. Lellouch, A. Marinov, J. McCartin, A.A. Ocampo Rios, D. Ryckbosch, N. Strobbe, F. Thyssen, M. Tytgat, L. Vanelderen, P. Verwilligen, S. Walsh, E. Yazgan, N. Zaganidis

Université Catholique de Louvain, Louvain-la-Neuve, Belgium

S. Basegmez, G. Bruno, L. Ceard, J. De Favereau De Jeneret, C. Delaere, T. du Pree, D. Favart, L. Forthomme, A. Giammanco², G. Grégoire, J. Hollar, V. Lemaitre, J. Liao, O. Militaru, C. Nuttens, D. Pagano, A. Pin, K. Piotrkowski, N. Schul

Université de Mons, Mons, Belgium

N. Beliy, T. Caebergs, E. Daubie

Centro Brasileiro de Pesquisas Fisicas, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil

G.A. Alves, D. De Jesus Damiao, T. Martins, M.E. Pol, M.H.G. Souza

Universidade do Estado do Rio de Janeiro, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil

W.L. Aldá Júnior, W. Carvalho, A. Custódio, E.M. Da Costa, C. De Oliveira Martins, S. Fonseca De Souza, D. Matos Figueiredo, L. Mundim, H. Nogima, V. Oguri, W.L. Prado Da Silva, A. Santoro, S.M. Silva Do Amaral, L. Soares Jorge, A. Sznajder

Instituto de Fisica Teorica, Universidade Estadual Paulista, Sao Paulo, Brazil

T.S. Anjos³, C.A. Bernardes³, F.A. Dias⁴, T.R. Fernandez Perez Tomei, E. M. Gregores³, C. Lagana, F. Marinho, P.G. Mercadante³, S.F. Novaes, Sandra S. Padula

Institute for Nuclear Research and Nuclear Energy, Sofia, Bulgaria

V. Genchev¹, P. Iaydjiev¹, S. Piperov, M. Rodozov, S. Stoykova, G. Sultanov, V. Tcholakov, R. Trayanov, M. Vutova

University of Sofia, Sofia, Bulgaria

A. Dimitrov, R. Hadjiiska, A. Karadzhinova, V. Kozhuharov, L. Litov, B. Pavlov, P. Petkov

Institute of High Energy Physics, Beijing, China

J.G. Bian, G.M. Chen, H.S. Chen, C.H. Jiang, D. Liang, S. Liang, X. Meng, J. Tao, J. Wang, J. Wang, X. Wang, Z. Wang, H. Xiao, M. Xu, J. Zang, Z. Zhang

State Key Lab. of Nucl. Phys. and Tech., Peking University, Beijing, China

C. Asawatangtrakuldee, Y. Ban, S. Guo, Y. Guo, W. Li, S. Liu, Y. Mao, S.J. Qian, H. Teng, S. Wang, B. Zhu, W. Zou

Universidad de Los Andes, Bogota, Colombia

A. Cabrera, B. Gomez Moreno, A.F. Osorio Oliveros, J.C. Sanabria

Technical University of Split, Split, Croatia

N. Godinovic, D. Lelas, R. Plestina⁵, D. Polic, I. Puljak¹

University of Split, Split, Croatia

Z. Antunovic, M. Dzelalija, M. Kovac

Institute Rudjer Boskovic, Zagreb, Croatia

V. Brigljevic, S. Duric, K. Kadija, J. Luetic, S. Morovic

University of Cyprus, Nicosia, Cyprus

A. Attikis, M. Galanti, J. Mousa, C. Nicolaou, F. Ptochos, P.A. Razis

Charles University, Prague, Czech Republic

M. Finger, M. Finger Jr.

Academy of Scientific Research and Technology of the Arab Republic of Egypt, Egyptian Network of High Energy Physics, Cairo, Egypt

Y. Assran⁶, A. Ellithi Kamel⁷, S. Khalil⁸, M.A. Mahmoud⁹, A. Radi^{8,10}

National Institute of Chemical Physics and Biophysics, Tallinn, Estonia

A. Hektor, M. Kadastik, M. Müntel, M. Raidal, L. Rebane, A. Tiko

Department of Physics, University of Helsinki, Helsinki, Finland

V. Azzolini, P. Eerola, G. Fedi, M. Voutilainen

Helsinki Institute of Physics, Helsinki, Finland

S. Czellar, J. Härkönen, A. Heikkinen, V. Karimäki, R. Kinnunen, M.J. Kortelainen, T. Lampén, K. Lassila-Perini, S. Lehti, T. Lindén, P. Luukka, T. Mäenpää, T. Peltola, E. Tuominen, J. Tuominiemi, E. Tuovinen, D. Ungaro, L. Wendland

Lappeenranta University of Technology, Lappeenranta, Finland

K. Banzuzi, A. Korpela, T. Tuuva

Laboratoire d'Annecy-le-Vieux de Physique des Particules, IN2P3-CNRS, Annecy-le-Vieux, France

D. Sillou

DSM/IRFU, CEA/Saclay, Gif-sur-Yvette, France

M. Besancon, S. Choudhury, M. Dejjardin, D. Denegri, B. Fabbro, J.L. Faure, F. Ferri, S. Ganjour, A. Givernaud, P. Gras, G. Hamel de Monchenault, P. Jarry, E. Locci, J. Malcles, M. Marionneau, L. Millischer, J. Rander, A. Rosowsky, I. Shreyber, M. Titov

Laboratoire Leprince-Ringuet, Ecole Polytechnique, IN2P3-CNRS, Palaiseau, France

S. Baffioni, F. Beaudette, L. Benhabib, L. Bianchini, M. Bluj¹¹, C. Broutin, P. Busson, C. Charlot, N. Daci, T. Dahms, L. Dobrzynski, S. Elgammal, R. Granier de Cassagnac, M. Haguenaue, P. Miné, C. Mironov, C. Ochando, P. Paganini, D. Sabes, R. Salerno, Y. Sirois, C. Thiebaux, C. Veelken, A. Zabi

Institut Pluridisciplinaire Hubert Curien, Université de Strasbourg, Université de Haute Alsace Mulhouse, CNRS/IN2P3, Strasbourg, France

J.-L. Agram¹², J. Andrea, D. Bloch, D. Bodin, J.-M. Brom, M. Cardaci, E.C. Chabert, C. Collard, E. Conte¹², F. Drouhin¹², C. Ferro, J.-C. Fontaine¹², D. Gelé, U. Goerlach, S. Greder, P. Juillot, M. Karim¹², A.-C. Le Bihan, P. Van Hove

Centre de Calcul de l'Institut National de Physique Nucleaire et de Physique des Particules (IN2P3), Villeurbanne, France

F. Fassi, D. Mercier

Université de Lyon, Université Claude Bernard Lyon 1, CNRS-IN2P3, Institut de Physique Nucléaire de Lyon, Villeurbanne, France

C. Baty, S. Beauceron, N. Beaupere, M. Bedjidian, O. Bondu, G. Boudoul, D. Boumediene, H. Brun, J. Chasserat, R. Chierici¹, D. Contardo, P. Depasse, H. El Mamouni, A. Falkiewicz, J. Fay, S. Gascon, M. Gouzevitch, B. Ille, T. Kurca, T. Le Grand, M. Lethuillier, L. Mirabito, S. Perries, V. Sordini, S. Tosi, Y. Tschudi, P. Verdier, S. Viret

Institute of High Energy Physics and Informatization, Tbilisi State University, Tbilisi, Georgia

D. Lomidze

RWTH Aachen University, I. Physikalisches Institut, Aachen, Germany

G. Anagnostou, S. Beranek, M. Edelhoff, L. Feld, N. Heracleous, O. Hindrichs, R. Jussen, K. Klein, J. Merz, A. Ostapchuk, A. Perieanu, F. Raupach, J. Sammet, S. Schael, D. Sprenger, H. Weber, B. Wittmer, V. Zhukov¹³

RWTH Aachen University, III. Physikalisches Institut A, Aachen, Germany

M. Ata, J. Caudron, E. Dietz-Laursonn, M. Erdmann, A. Güth, T. Hebbeker, C. Heidemann, K. Hoepfner, T. Klimkovich, D. Klingebiel, P. Kreuzer, D. Lanske[†], J. Lingemann, C. Magass, M. Merschmeyer, A. Meyer, M. Olschewski, P. Papacz, H. Pieta, H. Reithler, S.A. Schmitz, L. Sonnenschein, J. Steggemann, D. Teyssier, M. Weber

RWTH Aachen University, III. Physikalisches Institut B, Aachen, Germany

M. Bontenackels, V. Cherepanov, M. Davids, G. Flügge, H. Geenen, M. Geisler, W. Haj Ahmad, F. Hoehle, B. Kargoll, T. Kress, Y. Kuessel, A. Linn, A. Nowack, L. Perchalla, O. Pooth, J. Rennefeld, P. Sauerland, A. Stahl, M.H. Zoeller

Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron, Hamburg, Germany

M. Aldaya Martin, W. Behrenhoff, U. Behrens, M. Bergholz¹⁴, A. Bethani, K. Borras, A. Cakir, A. Campbell, E. Castro, D. Dammann, G. Eckerlin, D. Eckstein, A. Flossdorf, G. Flucke, A. Geiser, J. Hauk, H. Jung¹, M. Kasemann, P. Katsas, C. Kleinwort, H. Kluge, A. Knutsson, M. Krämer, D. Krücker, E. Kuznetsova, W. Lange, W. Lohmann¹⁴, B. Lutz, R. Mankel, I. Marfin, M. Marienfeld, I.-A. Melzer-Pellmann, A.B. Meyer, J. Mnich, A. Mussgiller, S. Naumann-Emme, J. Olzem, A. Petrukhin, D. Pitzl, A. Raspereza, P.M. Ribeiro Cipriano, M. Rosin, J. Salfeld-Nebgen, R. Schmidt¹⁴, T. Schoerner-Sadenius, N. Sen, A. Spiridonov, M. Stein, J. Tomaszewska, R. Walsh, C. Wissing

University of Hamburg, Hamburg, Germany

C. Autermann, V. Blobel, S. Bobrovskiy, J. Draeger, H. Enderle, J. Erfle, U. Gebbert, M. Görner, T. Hermanns, K. Kaschube, G. Kaussen, H. Kirschenmann, R. Klanner, J. Lange, B. Mura, F. Nowak, N. Pietsch, C. Sander, H. Schettler, P. Schleper, E. Schlieckau, A. Schmidt, M. Schröder, T. Schum, H. Stadie, G. Steinbrück, J. Thomsen

Institut für Experimentelle Kernphysik, Karlsruhe, Germany

C. Barth, J. Berger, T. Chwalek, W. De Boer, A. Dierlamm, G. Dirkes, M. Feindt, J. Gruschke, M. Guthoff¹, C. Hackstein, F. Hartmann, M. Heinrich, H. Held, K.H. Hoffmann, S. Honc, I. Katkov¹³, J.R. Komaragiri, T. Kuhr, D. Martschei, S. Mueller, Th. Müller, M. Niegel, O. Oberst, A. Oehler, J. Ott, T. Peiffer, G. Quast, K. Rabbertz, F. Ratnikov, N. Ratnikova, M. Renz, S. Röcker, C. Saout, A. Scheurer, P. Schieferdecker, F.-P. Schilling, M. Schmanau, G. Schott, H.J. Simonis, F.M. Stober, D. Troendle, J. Wagner-Kuhr, T. Weiler, M. Zeise, E.B. Ziebarth

Institute of Nuclear Physics "Demokritos", Aghia Paraskevi, Greece

G. Daskalakis, T. Gerasis, S. Kesisoglou, A. Kyriakis, D. Loukas, I. Manolakos, A. Markou, C. Markou, C. Mavrommatis, E. Ntomari

University of Athens, Athens, Greece

L. Gouskos, T.J. Mertzimekis, A. Panagiotou, N. Saoulidou, E. Stiliaris

University of Ioánnina, Ioánnina, Greece

I. Evangelou, C. Foudas¹, P. Kokkas, N. Manthos, I. Papadopoulos, V. Patras, F.A. Triantis

KFKI Research Institute for Particle and Nuclear Physics, Budapest, Hungary

A. Aranyi, G. Bencze, L. Boldizsar, C. Hajdu¹, P. Hidas, D. Horvath¹⁵, A. Kapusi, K. Krajczar¹⁶, F. Sikler¹, G. Vesztergombi¹⁶

Institute of Nuclear Research ATOMKI, Debrecen, Hungary

N. Beni, J. Molnar, J. Palinkas, Z. Szillasi, V. Veszpremi

University of Debrecen, Debrecen, Hungary

J. Karancsi, P. Raics, Z.L. Trocsanyi, B. Ujvari

Panjab University, Chandigarh, India

S.B. Beri, V. Bhatnagar, N. Dhingra, R. Gupta, M. Jindal, M. Kaur, J.M. Kohli, M.Z. Mehta, N. Nishu, L.K. Saini, A. Sharma, A.P. Singh, J. Singh, S.P. Singh

University of Delhi, Delhi, India

S. Ahuja, B.C. Choudhary, A. Kumar, A. Kumar, S. Malhotra, M. Naimuddin, K. Ranjan, V. Sharma, R.K. Shrivastava

Saha Institute of Nuclear Physics, Kolkata, India

S. Banerjee, S. Bhattacharya, S. Dutta, B. Gomber, S. Jain, S. Jain, R. Khurana, S. Sarkar

Bhabha Atomic Research Centre, Mumbai, India

R.K. Choudhury, D. Dutta, S. Kailas, V. Kumar, A.K. Mohanty¹, L.M. Pant, P. Shukla

Tata Institute of Fundamental Research - EHEP, Mumbai, India

T. Aziz, S. Ganguly, M. Guchait¹⁷, A. Gurtu¹⁸, M. Maity¹⁹, G. Majumder, K. Mazumdar, G.B. Mohanty, B. Parida, A. Saha, K. Sudhakar, N. Wickramage

Tata Institute of Fundamental Research - HECR, Mumbai, India

S. Banerjee, S. Dugad, N.K. Mondal

Institute for Research in Fundamental Sciences (IPM), Tehran, Iran

H. Arfaei, H. Bakhshiansohi²⁰, S.M. Etesami²¹, A. Fahim²⁰, M. Hashemi, H. Hesari, A. Jafari²⁰, M. Khakzad, A. Mohammadi²², M. Mohammadi Najafabadi, S. Paktinat Mehdiabadi, B. Safarzadeh²³, M. Zeinali²¹

INFN Sezione di Bari ^a, Università di Bari ^b, Politecnico di Bari ^c, Bari, Italy

M. Abbrescia^{a,b}, L. Barbone^{a,b}, C. Calabria^{a,b}, S.S. Chhibra^{a,b}, A. Colaleo^a, D. Creanza^{a,c}, N. De Filippis^{a,c,1}, M. De Palma^{a,b}, L. Fiore^a, G. Iaselli^{a,c}, L. Lusito^{a,b}, G. Maggi^{a,c}, M. Maggi^a, N. Manna^{a,b}, B. Marangelli^{a,b}, S. My^{a,c}, S. Nuzzo^{a,b}, N. Pacifico^{a,b}, A. Pompili^{a,b}, G. Pugliese^{a,c}, F. Romano^{a,c}, G. Selvaggi^{a,b}, L. Silvestris^a, G. Singh^{a,b}, S. Tupputi^{a,b}, G. Zito^a

INFN Sezione di Bologna ^a, Università di Bologna ^b, Bologna, Italy

G. Abbiendi^a, A.C. Benvenuti^a, D. Bonacorsi^a, S. Braibant-Giacomelli^{a,b}, L. Brigliadori^a, P. Capiluppi^{a,b}, A. Castro^{a,b}, F.R. Cavallo^a, M. Cuffiani^{a,b}, G.M. Dallavalle^a, F. Fabbri^a, A. Fanfani^{a,b}, D. Fasanella^{a,1}, P. Giacomelli^a, C. Grandi^a, S. Marcellini^a, G. Masetti^a, M. Meneghelli^{a,b}, A. Montanari^a, F.L. Navarria^{a,b}, F. Odorici^a, A. Perrotta^a, F. Primavera^a, A.M. Rossi^{a,b}, T. Rovelli^{a,b}, G. Siroli^{a,b}, R. Travaglini^{a,b}

INFN Sezione di Catania ^a, Università di Catania ^b, Catania, Italy

S. Albergo^{a,b}, G. Cappello^{a,b}, M. Chiorboli^{a,b}, S. Costa^{a,b}, R. Potenza^{a,b}, A. Tricomi^{a,b}, C. Tuve^{a,b}

INFN Sezione di Firenze ^a, Università di Firenze ^b, Firenze, Italy

G. Barbagli^a, V. Ciulli^{a,b}, C. Civinini^a, R. D'Alessandro^{a,b}, E. Focardi^{a,b}, S. Frosali^{a,b}, E. Gallo^a, S. Gonzi^{a,b}, M. Meschini^a, S. Paoletti^a, G. Sguazzoni^a, A. Tropiano^{a,1}

INFN Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati, Frascati, Italy

L. Benussi, S. Bianco, S. Colafranceschi²⁴, F. Fabbri, D. Piccolo

INFN Sezione di Genova, Genova, Italy

P. Fabbriatore, R. Musenich

INFN Sezione di Milano-Bicocca ^a, Università di Milano-Bicocca ^b, Milano, Italy

A. Benaglia^{a,b,1}, F. De Guio^{a,b}, L. Di Matteo^{a,b}, S. Fiorendi^{a,b}, S. Gennai^{a,1}, A. Ghezzi^{a,b}, S. Malvezzi^a, R.A. Manzoni^{a,b}, A. Martelli^{a,b}, A. Massironi^{a,b,1}, D. Menasce^a, L. Moroni^a, M. Paganoni^{a,b}, D. Pedrini^a, S. Ragazzi^{a,b}, N. Redaelli^a, S. Sala^a, T. Tabarelli de Fatis^{a,b}

INFN Sezione di Napoli ^a, Università di Napoli "Federico II" ^b, Napoli, Italy

S. Buontempo^a, C.A. Carrillo Montoya^{a,1}, N. Cavallo^{a,25}, A. De Cosa^{a,b}, O. Dogangun^{a,b}, F. Fabozzi^{a,25}, A.O.M. Iorio^{a,1}, L. Lista^a, M. Merola^{a,b}, P. Paolucci^a

INFN Sezione di Padova ^a, Università di Padova ^b, Università di Trento (Trento) ^c, Padova, Italy

P. Azzi^a, N. Bacchetta^{a,1}, P. Bellan^{a,b}, D. Bisello^{a,b}, A. Branca^a, R. Carlin^{a,b}, P. Checchia^a, T. Dorigo^a, U. Dosselli^a, F. Fanzago^a, F. Gasparini^{a,b}, U. Gasparini^{a,b}, A. Gozzelino^a, K. Kanishchev, S. Lacaprara^{a,26}, I. Lazzizzera^{a,c}, M. Margoni^{a,b}, M. Mazzucato^a, A.T. Meneguzzo^{a,b}, M. Nespolo^{a,1}, L. Perrozzi^a, N. Pozzobon^{a,b}, P. Ronchese^{a,b}, F. Simonetto^{a,b}, E. Torassa^a, M. Tosi^{a,b,1}, S. Vanini^{a,b}, P. Zotto^{a,b}, G. Zumerle^{a,b}

INFN Sezione di Pavia ^a, Università di Pavia ^b, Pavia, Italy

P. Baesso^{a,b}, U. Berzano^a, S.P. Ratti^{a,b}, C. Riccardi^{a,b}, P. Torre^{a,b}, P. Vitulo^{a,b}, C. Viviani^{a,b}

INFN Sezione di Perugia ^a, Università di Perugia ^b, Perugia, Italy

M. Biasini^{a,b}, G.M. Bilei^a, B. Caponeri^{a,b}, L. Fano^{a,b}, P. Lariccia^{a,b}, A. Lucaroni^{a,b,1}, G. Mantovani^{a,b}, M. Menichelli^a, A. Nappi^{a,b}, F. Romeo^{a,b}, A. Santocchia^{a,b}, S. Taroni^{a,b,1}, M. Valdata^{a,b}

INFN Sezione di Pisa ^a, Università di Pisa ^b, Scuola Normale Superiore di Pisa ^c, Pisa, Italy
 P. Azzurri^{a,c}, G. Bagliesi^a, T. Boccali^a, G. Broccolo^{a,c}, R. Castaldi^a, R.T. D’Agnolo^{a,c},
 R. Dell’Orso^a, F. Fiori^{a,b}, L. Foà^{a,c}, A. Giassi^a, A. Kraan^a, F. Ligabue^{a,c}, T. Lomtadze^a,
 L. Martini^{a,27}, A. Messineo^{a,b}, F. Palla^a, F. Palmonari^a, A. Rizzi, A.T. Serban^a, P. Spagnolo^a,
 R. Tenchini^a, G. Tonelli^{a,b,1}, A. Venturi^{a,1}, P.G. Verdini^a

INFN Sezione di Roma ^a, Università di Roma “La Sapienza” ^b, Roma, Italy
 L. Barone^{a,b}, F. Cavallari^a, D. Del Re^{a,b,1}, M. Diemoz^a, C. Fanelli, D. Franci^{a,b}, M. Grassi^{a,1},
 E. Longo^{a,b}, P. Meridiani^a, F. Micheli, S. Nourbakhsh^a, G. Organtini^{a,b}, F. Pandolfi^{a,b},
 R. Paramatti^a, S. Rahatlou^{a,b}, M. Sigamani^a, L. Soffi

INFN Sezione di Torino ^a, Università di Torino ^b, Università del Piemonte Orientale (Novara) ^c, Torino, Italy
 N. Amapane^{a,b}, R. Arcidiacono^{a,c}, S. Argiro^{a,b}, M. Arneodo^{a,c}, C. Biino^a, C. Botta^{a,b},
 N. Cartiglia^a, R. Castello^{a,b}, M. Costa^{a,b}, G. Dellacasa^a, N. Demaria^a, A. Graziano^{a,b},
 C. Mariotti^{a,1}, S. Maselli^a, E. Migliore^{a,b}, V. Monaco^{a,b}, M. Musich^a, M.M. Obertino^{a,c},
 N. Pastrone^a, M. Pelliccioni^a, A. Potenza^{a,b}, A. Romero^{a,b}, M. Ruspa^{a,c}, R. Sacchi^{a,b},
 A. Solano^{a,b}, A. Staiano^a, A. Vilela Pereira^a

INFN Sezione di Trieste ^a, Università di Trieste ^b, Trieste, Italy
 S. Belforte^a, F. Cossutti^a, G. Della Ricca^{a,b}, B. Gobbo^a, M. Marone^{a,b}, D. Montanino^{a,b,1},
 A. Penzo^a

Kangwon National University, Chunchon, Korea
 S.G. Heo, S.K. Nam

Kyungpook National University, Daegu, Korea
 S. Chang, J. Chung, D.H. Kim, G.N. Kim, J.E. Kim, D.J. Kong, H. Park, S.R. Ro, D.C. Son

Chonnam National University, Institute for Universe and Elementary Particles, Kwangju, Korea
 J.Y. Kim, Zero J. Kim, S. Song

Konkuk University, Seoul, Korea
 H.Y. Jo

Korea University, Seoul, Korea
 S. Choi, D. Gyun, B. Hong, M. Jo, H. Kim, T.J. Kim, K.S. Lee, D.H. Moon, S.K. Park, E. Seo, K.S. Sim

University of Seoul, Seoul, Korea
 M. Choi, S. Kang, H. Kim, J.H. Kim, C. Park, I.C. Park, S. Park, G. Ryu

Sungkyunkwan University, Suwon, Korea
 Y. Cho, Y. Choi, Y.K. Choi, J. Goh, M.S. Kim, B. Lee, J. Lee, S. Lee, H. Seo, I. Yu

Vilnius University, Vilnius, Lithuania
 M.J. Bilinskas, I. Grigelionis, M. Janulis

Centro de Investigacion y de Estudios Avanzados del IPN, Mexico City, Mexico
 H. Castilla-Valdez, E. De La Cruz-Burelo, I. Heredia-de La Cruz, R. Lopez-Fernandez,
 R. Magaña Villalba, J. Martínez-Ortega, A. Sánchez-Hernández, L.M. Villasenor-Cendejas

Universidad Iberoamericana, Mexico City, Mexico
 S. Carrillo Moreno, F. Vazquez Valencia

Benemerita Universidad Autonoma de Puebla, Puebla, Mexico

H.A. Salazar Ibarguen

Universidad Autónoma de San Luis Potosí, San Luis Potosí, Mexico

E. Casimiro Linares, A. Morelos Pineda, M.A. Reyes-Santos

University of Auckland, Auckland, New Zealand

D. Krofcheck

University of Canterbury, Christchurch, New Zealand

A.J. Bell, P.H. Butler, R. Doesburg, S. Reucroft, H. Silverwood

National Centre for Physics, Quaid-I-Azam University, Islamabad, Pakistan

M. Ahmad, M.I. Asghar, H.R. Hoorani, S. Khalid, W.A. Khan, T. Khurshid, S. Qazi, M.A. Shah, M. Shoaib

Institute of Experimental Physics, Faculty of Physics, University of Warsaw, Warsaw, Poland

G. Brona, M. Cwiok, W. Dominik, K. Doroba, A. Kalinowski, M. Konecki, J. Krolikowski

Soltan Institute for Nuclear Studies, Warsaw, Poland

H. Bialkowska, B. Boimska, T. Frueboes, R. Gokieli, M. Górski, M. Kazana, K. Nawrocki, K. Romanowska-Rybinska, M. Szleper, G. Wrochna, P. Zalewski

Laboratório de Instrumentação e Física Experimental de Partículas, Lisboa, PortugalN. Almeida, P. Bargassa, A. David, P. Faccioli, P.G. Ferreira Parracho, M. Gallinaro, P. Musella, A. Nayak, J. Pela¹, P.Q. Ribeiro, J. Seixas, J. Varela, P. Vischia**Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, Dubna, Russia**

S. Afanasiev, I. Belotelov, P. Bunin, I. Golutvin, I. Gorbunov, V. Karjavin, V. Konoplyanikov, G. Kozlov, A. Lanev, P. Moisenz, V. Palichik, V. Perelygin, M. Savina, S. Shmatov, V. Smirnov, A. Volodko, A. Zarubin

Petersburg Nuclear Physics Institute, Gatchina (St Petersburg), Russia

S. Evstyukhin, V. Golovtsov, Y. Ivanov, V. Kim, P. Levchenko, V. Murzin, V. Oreshkin, I. Smirnov, V. Sulimov, L. Uvarov, S. Vavilov, A. Vorobyev, An. Vorobyev

Institute for Nuclear Research, Moscow, Russia

Yu. Andreev, A. Dermenev, S. Gninenko, N. Golubev, M. Kirsanov, N. Krasnikov, V. Matveev, A. Pashenkov, A. Toropin, S. Troitsky

Institute for Theoretical and Experimental Physics, Moscow, RussiaV. Epshteyn, M. Erofeeva, V. Gavrillov, M. Kossov¹, A. Krokhotin, N. Lychkovskaya, V. Popov, G. Safronov, S. Semenov, V. Stolin, E. Vlasov, A. Zhokin**Moscow State University, Moscow, Russia**A. Belyaev, E. Boos, M. Dubinin⁴, L. Dudko, A. Ershov, A. Gribushin, O. Kodolova, I. Lokhtin, A. Markina, S. Obraztsov, M. Perfilov, S. Petrushanko, L. Sarycheva[†], V. Savrin, A. Snigirev**P.N. Lebedev Physical Institute, Moscow, Russia**

V. Andreev, M. Azarkin, I. Dremin, M. Kirakosyan, A. Leonidov, G. Mesyats, S.V. Rusakov, A. Vinogradov

State Research Center of Russian Federation, Institute for High Energy Physics, Protvino, RussiaI. Azhgirey, I. Bayshev, S. Bitioukov, V. Grishin¹, V. Kachanov, D. Konstantinov, A. Korablev,

V. Krychkine, V. Petrov, R. Ryutin, A. Sobol, L. Tourtchanovitch, S. Troshin, N. Tyurin, A. Uzunian, A. Volkov

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Physics and Vinca Institute of Nuclear Sciences, Belgrade, Serbia

P. Adzic²⁸, M. Djordjevic, M. Ekmedzic, D. Krpic²⁸, J. Milosevic

Centro de Investigaciones Energéticas Medioambientales y Tecnológicas (CIEMAT), Madrid, Spain

M. Aguilar-Benitez, J. Alcaraz Maestre, P. Arce, C. Battilana, E. Calvo, M. Cerrada, M. Chamizo Llatas, N. Colino, B. De La Cruz, A. Delgado Peris, C. Diez Pardos, D. Domínguez Vázquez, C. Fernandez Bedoya, J.P. Fernández Ramos, A. Ferrando, J. Flix, M.C. Fouz, P. Garcia-Abia, O. Gonzalez Lopez, S. Goy Lopez, J.M. Hernandez, M.I. Josa, G. Merino, J. Puerta Pelayo, I. Redondo, L. Romero, J. Santaolalla, M.S. Soares, C. Willmott

Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, Madrid, Spain

C. Albajar, G. Codispoti, J.F. de Trocóniz

Universidad de Oviedo, Oviedo, Spain

J. Cuevas, J. Fernandez Menendez, S. Folgueras, I. Gonzalez Caballero, L. Lloret Iglesias, J.M. Vizan Garcia

Instituto de Física de Cantabria (IFCA), CSIC-Universidad de Cantabria, Santander, Spain

J.A. Brochero Cifuentes, I.J. Cabrillo, A. Calderon, S.H. Chuang, J. Duarte Campderros, M. Felcini²⁹, M. Fernandez, G. Gomez, J. Gonzalez Sanchez, C. Jorda, P. Lobelle Pardo, A. Lopez Virto, J. Marco, R. Marco, C. Martinez Rivero, F. Matorras, F.J. Munoz Sanchez, J. Piedra Gomez³⁰, T. Rodrigo, A.Y. Rodríguez-Marrero, A. Ruiz-Jimeno, L. Scodellaro, M. Sobron Sanudo, I. Vila, R. Vilar Cortabitarte

CERN, European Organization for Nuclear Research, Geneva, Switzerland

D. Abbaneo, E. Auffray, G. Auzinger, P. Baillon, A.H. Ball, D. Barney, C. Bernet⁵, W. Bialas, G. Bianchi, P. Bloch, A. Bocci, H. Breuker, K. Bunkowski, T. Camporesi, G. Cerminara, T. Christiansen, J.A. Coarasa Perez, B. Curé, D. D'Enterria, A. De Roeck, S. Di Guida, M. Dobson, N. Dupont-Sagorin, A. Elliott-Peisert, B. Frisch, W. Funk, A. Gaddi, G. Georgiou, H. Gerwig, M. Giffels, D. Gigi, K. Gill, D. Giordano, M. Giunta, F. Glege, R. Gomez-Reino Garrido, P. Govoni, S. Gowdy, R. Guida, L. Guiducci, M. Hansen, P. Harris, C. Hartl, J. Harvey, B. Hegner, A. Hinzmann, H.F. Hoffmann, V. Innocente, P. Janot, K. Kaadze, E. Karavakis, K. Kousouris, P. Lecoq, P. Lenzi, C. Lourenço, T. Mäki, M. Malberti, L. Malgeri, M. Mannelli, L. Masetti, G. Mavromanolakis, F. Meijers, S. Mersi, E. Meschi, R. Moser, M.U. Mozer, M. Mulders, E. Nesvold, M. Nguyen, T. Orimoto, L. Orsini, E. Palencia Cortezon, E. Perez, A. Petrilli, A. Pfeiffer, M. Pierini, M. Pimiä, D. Piparo, G. Polese, L. Quertenmont, A. Racz, W. Reece, J. Rodrigues Antunes, G. Rolandi³¹, T. Rommerskirchen, C. Rovelli³², M. Rovere, H. Sakulin, F. Santanastasio, C. Schäfer, C. Schwick, I. Segoni, A. Sharma, P. Siegrist, P. Silva, M. Simon, P. Sphicas³³, D. Spiga, M. Spiropulu⁴, M. Stoye, A. Tsiros, G.I. Veres¹⁶, P. Vichoudis, H.K. Wöhri, S.D. Worm³⁴, W.D. Zeuner

Paul Scherrer Institut, Villigen, Switzerland

W. Bertl, K. Deiters, W. Erdmann, K. Gabathuler, R. Horisberger, Q. Ingram, H.C. Kaestli, S. König, D. Kotlinski, U. Langenegger, F. Meier, D. Renker, T. Rohe, J. Sibille³⁵

Institute for Particle Physics, ETH Zurich, Zurich, Switzerland

L. Bäni, P. Bortignon, M.A. Buchmann, B. Casal, N. Chanon, Z. Chen, A. Deisher, G. Dissertori, M. Dittmar, M. Dünser, J. Eugster, K. Freudenreich, C. Grab, P. Lecomte, W. Lustermann,

P. Martinez Ruiz del Arbol, N. Mohr, F. Moortgat, C. Nägeli³⁶, P. Nef, F. Nessi-Tedaldi, L. Pape, F. Pauss, M. Peruzzi, F.J. Ronga, M. Rossini, L. Sala, A.K. Sanchez, M.-C. Sawley, A. Starodumov³⁷, B. Stieger, M. Takahashi, L. Tauscher[†], A. Thea, K. Theofilatos, D. Treille, C. Urscheler, R. Wallny, H.A. Weber, L. Wehrli, J. Weng

Universität Zürich, Zurich, Switzerland

E. Aguilo, C. Amsler, V. Chiochia, S. De Visscher, C. Favaro, M. Ivova Rikova, B. Millan Mejias, P. Otiougova, P. Robmann, H. Snoek, M. Verzetti

National Central University, Chung-Li, Taiwan

Y.H. Chang, K.H. Chen, C.M. Kuo, S.W. Li, W. Lin, Z.K. Liu, Y.J. Lu, D. Mekterovic, R. Volpe, S.S. Yu

National Taiwan University (NTU), Taipei, Taiwan

P. Bartalini, P. Chang, Y.H. Chang, Y.W. Chang, Y. Chao, K.F. Chen, C. Dietz, U. Grundler, W.-S. Hou, Y. Hsiung, K.Y. Kao, Y.J. Lei, R.-S. Lu, D. Majumder, E. Petrakou, X. Shi, J.G. Shiu, Y.M. Tzeng, X. Wan, M. Wang

Cukurova University, Adana, Turkey

A. Adiguzel, M.N. Bakirci³⁸, S. Cerci³⁹, C. Dozen, I. Dumanoglu, E. Eskut, S. Girgis, G. Gokbulut, I. Hos, E.E. Kangal, G. Karapinar, A. Kayis Topaksu, G. Onengut, K. Ozdemir, S. Ozturk⁴⁰, A. Polatoz, K. Sogut⁴¹, D. Sunar Cerci³⁹, B. Tali³⁹, H. Topakli³⁸, D. Uzun, L.N. Vergili, M. Vergili

Middle East Technical University, Physics Department, Ankara, Turkey

I.V. Akin, T. Aliev, B. Bilin, S. Bilmis, M. Deniz, H. Gamsizkan, A.M. Guler, K. Ocalan, A. Ozpineci, M. Serin, R. Sever, U.E. Surat, M. Yalvac, E. Yildirim, M. Zeyrek

Bogazici University, Istanbul, Turkey

M. Deliomeroğlu, E. Gülmez, B. Isildak, M. Kaya⁴², O. Kaya⁴², S. Ozkorucuklu⁴³, N. Sonmez⁴⁴

National Scientific Center, Kharkov Institute of Physics and Technology, Kharkov, Ukraine

L. Levchuk

University of Bristol, Bristol, United Kingdom

F. Bostock, J.J. Brooke, E. Clement, D. Cussans, H. Flacher, R. Frazier, J. Goldstein, M. Grimes, G.P. Heath, H.F. Heath, L. Kreczko, S. Metson, D.M. Newbold³⁴, K. Nirunpong, A. Poll, S. Senkin, V.J. Smith, T. Williams

Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot, United Kingdom

L. Basso⁴⁵, K.W. Bell, A. Belyaev⁴⁵, C. Brew, R.M. Brown, D.J.A. Cockerill, J.A. Coughlan, K. Harder, S. Harper, J. Jackson, B.W. Kennedy, E. Olaiya, D. Petyt, B.C. Radburn-Smith, C.H. Shepherd-Themistocleous, I.R. Tomalin, W.J. Womersley

Imperial College, London, United Kingdom

R. Bainbridge, G. Ball, R. Beuselinck, O. Buchmuller, D. Colling, N. Cripps, M. Cutajar, P. Dauncey, G. Davies, M. Della Negra, W. Ferguson, J. Fulcher, D. Futyan, A. Gilbert, A. Guneratne Bryer, G. Hall, Z. Hatherell, J. Hays, G. Iles, M. Jarvis, G. Karapostoli, L. Lyons, A.-M. Magnan, J. Marrouche, B. Mathias, R. Nandi, J. Nash, A. Nikitenko³⁷, A. Papageorgiou, M. Pesaresi, K. Petridis, M. Pioppi⁴⁶, D.M. Raymond, S. Rogerson, N. Rompotis, A. Rose, M.J. Ryan, C. Seez, P. Sharp, A. Sparrow, A. Tapper, S. Tourneur, M. Vazquez Acosta, T. Virdee, S. Wakefield, N. Wardle, D. Wardrope, T. Whyntie

Brunel University, Uxbridge, United Kingdom

M. Barrett, M. Chadwick, J.E. Cole, P.R. Hobson, A. Khan, P. Kyberd, D. Leslie, W. Martin, I.D. Reid, P. Symonds, L. Teodorescu, M. Turner

Baylor University, Waco, USA

K. Hatakeyama, H. Liu, T. Scarborough

The University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, USA

C. Henderson

Boston University, Boston, USA

A. Avetisyan, T. Bose, E. Carrera Jarrin, C. Fantasia, A. Heister, J. St. John, P. Lawson, D. Lazic, J. Rohlf, D. Sperka, L. Sulak

Brown University, Providence, USA

S. Bhattacharya, D. Cutts, A. Ferapontov, U. Heintz, S. Jabeen, G. Kukartsev, G. Landsberg, M. Luk, M. Narain, D. Nguyen, M. Segala, T. Sinthuprasith, T. Speer, K.V. Tsang

University of California, Davis, Davis, USA

R. Breedon, G. Breto, M. Calderon De La Barca Sanchez, M. Caulfield, S. Chauhan, M. Chertok, J. Conway, R. Conway, P.T. Cox, J. Dolen, R. Erbacher, M. Gardner, R. Houtz, W. Ko, A. Kopecky, R. Lander, O. Mall, T. Miceli, R. Nelson, D. Pellett, J. Robles, B. Rutherford, M. Searle, J. Smith, M. Squires, M. Tripathi, R. Vasquez Sierra

University of California, Los Angeles, Los Angeles, USA

V. Andreev, K. Arisaka, D. Cline, R. Cousins, J. Duris, S. Erhan, P. Everaerts, C. Farrell, J. Hauser, M. Ignatenko, C. Jarvis, C. Plager, G. Rakness, P. Schlein[†], J. Tucker, V. Valuev, M. Weber

University of California, Riverside, Riverside, USA

J. Babb, R. Clare, J. Ellison, J.W. Gary, F. Giordano, G. Hanson, G.Y. Jeng, H. Liu, O.R. Long, A. Luthra, H. Nguyen, S. Paramesvaran, J. Sturdy, S. Sumowidagdo, R. Wilken, S. Wimpenny

University of California, San Diego, La Jolla, USA

W. Andrews, J.G. Branson, G.B. Cerati, S. Cittolin, D. Evans, F. Golf, A. Holzner, R. Kelley, M. Lebourgeois, J. Letts, I. Macneill, B. Mangano, S. Padhi, C. Palmer, G. Petrucciani, H. Pi, M. Pieri, R. Ranieri, M. Sani, I. Sfiligoi, V. Sharma, S. Simon, E. Sudano, M. Tadel, Y. Tu, A. Vartak, S. Wasserbaech⁴⁷, F. Würthwein, A. Yagil, J. Yoo

University of California, Santa Barbara, Santa Barbara, USA

D. Barge, R. Bellan, C. Campagnari, M. D'Alfonso, T. Danielson, K. Flowers, P. Geffert, J. Incandela, C. Justus, P. Kalavase, S.A. Koay, D. Kovalskyi¹, V. Krutelyov, S. Lowette, N. Mccoll, V. Pavlunin, F. Rebassoo, J. Ribnik, J. Richman, R. Rossin, D. Stuart, W. To, J.R. Vlimant, C. West

California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, USA

A. Apresyan, A. Bornheim, J. Bunn, Y. Chen, E. Di Marco, J. Duarte, M. Gataullin, Y. Ma, A. Mott, H.B. Newman, C. Rogan, V. Timciuc, P. Traczyk, J. Veverka, R. Wilkinson, Y. Yang, R.Y. Zhu

Carnegie Mellon University, Pittsburgh, USA

B. Akgun, R. Carroll, T. Ferguson, Y. Iiyama, D.W. Jang, S.Y. Jun, Y.F. Liu, M. Paulini, J. Russ, H. Vogel, I. Vorobiev

University of Colorado at Boulder, Boulder, USA

J.P. Cumalat, M.E. Dinardo, B.R. Drell, C.J. Edelmaier, W.T. Ford, A. Gaz, B. Heyburn, E. Luiggi Lopez, U. Nauenberg, J.G. Smith, K. Stenson, K.A. Ulmer, S.R. Wagner, S.L. Zang

Cornell University, Ithaca, USA

L. Agostino, J. Alexander, A. Chatterjee, N. Eggert, L.K. Gibbons, B. Heltsley, W. Hopkins, A. Khukhunaishvili, B. Kreis, N. Mirman, G. Nicolas Kaufman, J.R. Patterson, D. Puigh, A. Ryd, E. Salvati, W. Sun, W.D. Teo, J. Thom, J. Thompson, J. Vaughan, Y. Weng, L. Winstrom, P. Wittich

Fairfield University, Fairfield, USA

A. Biselli, G. Cirino, D. Winn

Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory, Batavia, USA

S. Abdullin, M. Albrow, J. Anderson, G. Apollinari, M. Atac, J.A. Bakken, L.A.T. Bauerdick, A. Beretvas, J. Berryhill, P.C. Bhat, I. Bloch, K. Burkett, J.N. Butler, V. Chetluru, H.W.K. Cheung, F. Chlebana, S. Cihangir, W. Cooper, D.P. Eartly, V.D. Elvira, S. Esen, I. Fisk, J. Freeman, Y. Gao, E. Gottschalk, D. Green, O. Gutsche, J. Hanlon, R.M. Harris, J. Hirschauer, B. Hooberman, H. Jensen, S. Jindariani, M. Johnson, U. Joshi, B. Klima, S. Kunori, S. Kwan, C. Leonidopoulos, D. Lincoln, R. Lipton, J. Lykken, K. Maeshima, J.M. Marraffino, S. Maruyama, D. Mason, P. McBride, T. Miao, K. Mishra, S. Mrenna, Y. Musienko⁴⁸, C. Newman-Holmes, V. O'Dell, J. Pivarski, R. Pordes, O. Prokofyev, T. Schwarz, E. Sexton-Kennedy, S. Sharma, W.J. Spalding, L. Spiegel, P. Tan, L. Taylor, S. Tkaczyk, L. Uplegger, E.W. Vaandering, R. Vidal, J. Whitmore, W. Wu, F. Yang, F. Yumiceva, J.C. Yun

University of Florida, Gainesville, USA

D. Acosta, P. Avery, D. Bourilkov, M. Chen, S. Das, M. De Gruttola, G.P. Di Giovanni, D. Dobur, A. Drozdetskiy, R.D. Field, M. Fisher, Y. Fu, I.K. Furic, J. Gartner, S. Goldberg, J. Hugon, B. Kim, J. Konigsberg, A. Korytov, A. Kropivnitskaya, T. Kypreos, J.F. Low, K. Matchev, P. Milenovic⁴⁹, G. Mitselmakher, L. Muniz, R. Remington, A. Rinkevicius, M. Schmitt, B. Scurlock, P. Sellers, N. Skhirtladze, M. Snowball, D. Wang, J. Yelton, M. Zakaria

Florida International University, Miami, USA

V. Gaultney, L.M. Lebolo, S. Linn, P. Markowitz, G. Martinez, J.L. Rodriguez

Florida State University, Tallahassee, USA

T. Adams, A. Askew, J. Bochenek, J. Chen, B. Diamond, S.V. Gleyzer, J. Haas, S. Hagopian, V. Hagopian, M. Jenkins, K.F. Johnson, H. Prosper, S. Sekmen, V. Veeraraghavan, M. Weinberg

Florida Institute of Technology, Melbourne, USA

M.M. Baarmand, B. Dorney, M. Hohlmann, H. Kalakhety, I. Vodopyanov

University of Illinois at Chicago (UIC), Chicago, USA

M.R. Adams, I.M. Anghel, L. Apanasevich, Y. Bai, V.E. Bazterra, R.R. Betts, J. Callner, R. Cavanaugh, C. Dragoiu, L. Gauthier, C.E. Gerber, D.J. Hofman, S. Khalatyan, G.J. Kunde⁵⁰, F. Lacroix, M. Malek, C. O'Brien, C. Silkworth, C. Silvestre, D. Strom, N. Varelas

The University of Iowa, Iowa City, USA

U. Akgun, E.A. Albayrak, B. Bilki⁵¹, W. Clarida, F. Duru, S. Griffiths, C.K. Lae, E. McCliment, J.-P. Merlo, H. Mermerkaya⁵², A. Mestvirishvili, A. Moeller, J. Nachtman, C.R. Newsom, E. Norbeck, J. Olson, Y. Onel, F. Ozok, S. Sen, E. Tiras, J. Wetzel, T. Yetkin, K. Yi

Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, USA

B.A. Barnett, B. Blumenfeld, S. Bolognesi, A. Bonato, C. Eskew, D. Fehling, G. Giurgiu, A.V. Gritsan, Z.J. Guo, G. Hu, P. Maksimovic, S. Rappoccio, M. Swartz, N.V. Tran, A. Whitbeck

The University of Kansas, Lawrence, USA

P. Baringer, A. Bean, G. Benelli, O. Grachov, R.P. Kenny Iii, M. Murray, D. Noonan, S. Sanders, R. Stringer, G. Tinti, J.S. Wood, V. Zhukova

Kansas State University, Manhattan, USA

A.F. Barfuss, T. Bolton, I. Chakaberia, A. Ivanov, S. Khalil, M. Makouski, Y. Maravin, S. Shrestha, I. Svintradze

Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, Livermore, USA

J. Gronberg, D. Lange, D. Wright

University of Maryland, College Park, USA

A. Baden, M. Boutemeur, B. Calvert, S.C. Eno, J.A. Gomez, N.J. Hadley, R.G. Kellogg, M. Kirn, T. Kolberg, Y. Lu, A.C. Mignerey, A. Peterman, K. Rossato, P. Rumerio, A. Skuja, J. Temple, M.B. Tonjes, S.C. Tonwar, E. Twedt

Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, USA

B. Alver, G. Bauer, J. Bendavid, W. Busza, E. Butz, I.A. Cali, M. Chan, V. Dutta, G. Gomez Ceballos, M. Goncharov, K.A. Hahn, Y. Kim, M. Klute, Y.-J. Lee, W. Li, P.D. Luckey, T. Ma, S. Nahn, C. Paus, D. Ralph, C. Roland, G. Roland, M. Rudolph, G.S.F. Stephans, F. Stöckli, K. Sumorok, K. Sung, D. Velicanu, E.A. Wenger, R. Wolf, B. Wyslouch, S. Xie, M. Yang, Y. Yilmaz, A.S. Yoon, M. Zanetti

University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, USA

S.I. Cooper, P. Cushman, B. Dahmes, A. De Benedetti, G. Franzoni, A. Gude, J. Haupt, S.C. Kao, K. Klapoetke, Y. Kubota, J. Mans, N. Pastika, V. Rekovic, R. Rusack, M. Sasseville, A. Singovsky, N. Tambe, J. Turkewitz

University of Mississippi, University, USA

L.M. Cremaldi, R. Godang, R. Kroeger, L. Perera, R. Rahmat, D.A. Sanders, D. Summers

University of Nebraska-Lincoln, Lincoln, USA

E. Avdeeva, K. Bloom, S. Bose, J. Butt, D.R. Claes, A. Dominguez, M. Eads, P. Jindal, J. Keller, I. Kravchenko, J. Lazo-Flores, H. Malbouisson, S. Malik, G.R. Snow

State University of New York at Buffalo, Buffalo, USA

U. Baur, A. Godshalk, I. Iashvili, S. Jain, A. Kharchilava, A. Kumar, S.P. Shipkowski, K. Smith, Z. Wan

Northeastern University, Boston, USA

G. Alverson, E. Barberis, D. Baumgartel, M. Chasco, D. Trocino, D. Wood, J. Zhang

Northwestern University, Evanston, USA

A. Anastassov, A. Kubik, N. Mucia, N. Odell, R.A. Ofierzynski, B. Pollack, A. Pozdnyakov, M. Schmitt, S. Stoynev, M. Velasco, S. Won

University of Notre Dame, Notre Dame, USA

L. Antonelli, D. Berry, A. Brinkerhoff, M. Hildreth, C. Jessop, D.J. Karmgard, J. Kolb, K. Lannon, W. Luo, S. Lynch, N. Marinelli, D.M. Morse, T. Pearson, R. Ruchti, J. Slaunwhite, N. Valls, M. Wayne, M. Wolf, J. Ziegler

The Ohio State University, Columbus, USA

B. Bylsma, L.S. Durkin, C. Hill, P. Killewald, K. Kotov, T.Y. Ling, M. Rodenburg, C. Vuosalo, G. Williams

Princeton University, Princeton, USA

N. Adam, E. Berry, P. Elmer, D. Gerbaudo, V. Halyo, P. Hebda, J. Hegeman, A. Hunt, E. Laird, D. Lopes Pegna, P. Lujan, D. Marlow, T. Medvedeva, M. Mooney, J. Olsen, P. Piroué, X. Quan, A. Raval, H. Saka, D. Stickland, C. Tully, J.S. Werner, A. Zuranski

University of Puerto Rico, Mayaguez, USA

J.G. Acosta, X.T. Huang, A. Lopez, H. Mendez, S. Oliveros, J.E. Ramirez Vargas, A. Zatserklyaniy

Purdue University, West Lafayette, USA

E. Alagoz, V.E. Barnes, D. Benedetti, G. Bolla, L. Borrello, D. Bortoletto, M. De Mattia, A. Everett, L. Gutay, Z. Hu, M. Jones, O. Koybasi, M. Kress, A.T. Laasanen, N. Leonardo, V. Maroussov, P. Merkel, D.H. Miller, N. Neumeister, I. Shipsey, D. Silvers, A. Svyatkovskiy, M. Vidal Marono, H.D. Yoo, J. Zablocki, Y. Zheng

Purdue University Calumet, Hammond, USA

S. Guragain, N. Parashar

Rice University, Houston, USA

A. Adair, C. Boulahouache, V. Cuplov, K.M. Ecklund, F.J.M. Geurts, B.P. Padley, R. Redjimi, J. Roberts, J. Zabel

University of Rochester, Rochester, USA

B. Betchart, A. Bodek, Y.S. Chung, R. Covarelli, P. de Barbaro, R. Demina, Y. Eshaq, A. Garcia-Bellido, P. Goldenzweig, Y. Gotra, J. Han, A. Harel, D.C. Miner, G. Petrillo, W. Sakumoto, D. Vishnevskiy, M. Zielinski

The Rockefeller University, New York, USA

A. Bhatti, R. Ciesielski, L. Demortier, K. Goulios, G. Lungu, S. Malik, C. Mesropian

Rutgers, the State University of New Jersey, Piscataway, USA

S. Arora, O. Atramentov, A. Barker, J.P. Chou, C. Contreras-Campana, E. Contreras-Campana, D. Duggan, D. Ferencek, Y. Gershtein, R. Gray, E. Halkiadakis, D. Hidas, D. Hits, A. Lath, S. Panwalkar, M. Park, R. Patel, A. Richards, K. Rose, S. Salur, S. Schnetzer, C. Seitz, S. Somalwar, R. Stone, S. Thomas

University of Tennessee, Knoxville, USA

G. Cerizza, M. Hollingsworth, S. Spanier, Z.C. Yang, A. York

Texas A&M University, College Station, USA

R. Eusebi, W. Flanagan, J. Gilmore, T. Kamon⁵³, V. Khotilovich, R. Montalvo, I. Osipenkov, Y. Pakhotin, A. Perloff, J. Roe, A. Safonov, T. Sakuma, S. Sengupta, I. Suarez, A. Tatarinov, D. Toback

Texas Tech University, Lubbock, USA

N. Akchurin, C. Bardak, J. Damgov, P.R. Duder, C. Jeong, K. Kovitanggoon, S.W. Lee, T. Libeiro, P. Mane, Y. Roh, A. Sill, I. Volobouev, R. Wigmans

Vanderbilt University, Nashville, USA

E. Appelt, E. Brownson, D. Engh, C. Florez, W. Gabella, A. Gurrola, M. Issah, W. Johns, P. Kurt, C. Maguire, A. Melo, P. Sheldon, B. Snook, S. Tuo, J. Velkovska

University of Virginia, Charlottesville, USA

M.W. Arenton, M. Balazs, S. Boutle, S. Conetti, B. Cox, B. Francis, S. Goadhouse, J. Goodell, R. Hirosky, A. Ledovskoy, C. Lin, C. Neu, J. Wood, R. Yohay

Wayne State University, Detroit, USA

S. Gollapinni, R. Harr, P.E. Karchin, C. Kottachchi Kankanamge Don, P. Lamichhane, M. Mattson, C. Milstène, A. Sakharov

University of Wisconsin, Madison, USA

M. Anderson, M. Bachtis, D. Belknap, J.N. Bellinger, J. Bernardini, D. Carlsmith, M. Cepeda, S. Dasu, J. Efron, E. Friis, L. Gray, K.S. Grogg, M. Grothe, R. Hall-Wilton, M. Herndon, A. Hervé, P. Klabbers, J. Klukas, A. Lanaro, C. Lazaridis, J. Leonard, R. Loveless, A. Mohapatra, I. Ojalvo, G.A. Pierro, I. Ross, A. Savin, W.H. Smith, J. Swanson

†: Deceased

- 1: Also at CERN, European Organization for Nuclear Research, Geneva, Switzerland
- 2: Also at National Institute of Chemical Physics and Biophysics, Tallinn, Estonia
- 3: Also at Universidade Federal do ABC, Santo Andre, Brazil
- 4: Also at California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, USA
- 5: Also at Laboratoire Leprince-Ringuet, Ecole Polytechnique, IN2P3-CNRS, Palaiseau, France
- 6: Also at Suez Canal University, Suez, Egypt
- 7: Also at Cairo University, Cairo, Egypt
- 8: Also at British University, Cairo, Egypt
- 9: Also at Fayoum University, El-Fayoum, Egypt
- 10: Now at Ain Shams University, Cairo, Egypt
- 11: Also at Soltan Institute for Nuclear Studies, Warsaw, Poland
- 12: Also at Université de Haute-Alsace, Mulhouse, France
- 13: Also at Moscow State University, Moscow, Russia
- 14: Also at Brandenburg University of Technology, Cottbus, Germany
- 15: Also at Institute of Nuclear Research ATOMKI, Debrecen, Hungary
- 16: Also at Eötvös Loránd University, Budapest, Hungary
- 17: Also at Tata Institute of Fundamental Research - HECR, Mumbai, India
- 18: Now at King Abdulaziz University, Jeddah, Saudi Arabia
- 19: Also at University of Visva-Bharati, Santiniketan, India
- 20: Also at Sharif University of Technology, Tehran, Iran
- 21: Also at Isfahan University of Technology, Isfahan, Iran
- 22: Also at Shiraz University, Shiraz, Iran
- 23: Also at Plasma Physics Research Center, Science and Research Branch, Islamic Azad University, Teheran, Iran
- 24: Also at Facoltà Ingegneria Università di Roma, Roma, Italy
- 25: Also at Università della Basilicata, Potenza, Italy
- 26: Also at Laboratori Nazionali di Legnaro dell' INFN, Legnaro, Italy
- 27: Also at Università degli studi di Siena, Siena, Italy
- 28: Also at Faculty of Physics of University of Belgrade, Belgrade, Serbia
- 29: Also at University of California, Los Angeles, Los Angeles, USA
- 30: Also at University of Florida, Gainesville, USA
- 31: Also at Scuola Normale e Sezione dell' INFN, Pisa, Italy
- 32: Also at INFN Sezione di Roma; Università di Roma "La Sapienza", Roma, Italy
- 33: Also at University of Athens, Athens, Greece
- 34: Also at Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot, United Kingdom
- 35: Also at The University of Kansas, Lawrence, USA
- 36: Also at Paul Scherrer Institut, Villigen, Switzerland
- 37: Also at Institute for Theoretical and Experimental Physics, Moscow, Russia
- 38: Also at Gaziosmanpasa University, Tokat, Turkey

- 39: Also at Adiyaman University, Adiyaman, Turkey
- 40: Also at The University of Iowa, Iowa City, USA
- 41: Also at Mersin University, Mersin, Turkey
- 42: Also at Kafkas University, Kars, Turkey
- 43: Also at Suleyman Demirel University, Isparta, Turkey
- 44: Also at Ege University, Izmir, Turkey
- 45: Also at School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Southampton, Southampton, United Kingdom
- 46: Also at INFN Sezione di Perugia; Università di Perugia, Perugia, Italy
- 47: Also at Utah Valley University, Orem, USA
- 48: Also at Institute for Nuclear Research, Moscow, Russia
- 49: Also at University of Belgrade, Faculty of Physics and Vinca Institute of Nuclear Sciences, Belgrade, Serbia
- 50: Also at Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, USA
- 51: Also at Argonne National Laboratory, Argonne, USA
- 52: Also at Erzincan University, Erzincan, Turkey
- 53: Also at Kyungpook National University, Daegu, Korea